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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/807,281	03/24/2004	Franz Fischer	6579-0622	3945
Richard R. Michaud The Michaud-Duffy Group, LLP Suite 206 306 Industrial Park Road Middletown, CT 06457			EXAMINER	
			PETERSON, KENNETH E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3724	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/14/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/807,281	FISCHER ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Kenneth Peterson	3724
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be till will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 ∧</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under the	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 34,36 and 42 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 34,36 and 42 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and all accomposed and all accomposed and are specified to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the contract of the specified and the specified are specified to by the Example 2.	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 34,36 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawara et al. (5,046,249) in view of Althaus (5,214,851), and further in view of Apprille, Jr. (4,756,082) and/or Stiles (2004/0035003).

Kawara shows a unitary razor body with all of the limitations as seen in figure 9. The flywheel vibration device (150-152) is in proximity to the blade mount (132). The blade is vibrated along its cutting edge (lines 43-45, column 2).

Kawara's motor and eccentric flywheel are mounted directly in the head region instead of having an intermediate sleeve. However, the use of an intermediate sleeve is well known as shown by Althaus (6). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have sleeved Kawara's motor and eccentric flywheel, as taught by Althaus, in order to provide a sturdier vibration device that is easier to install.

In regards to the recitation of there being an angle between the head region and handle region, Examiner takes Official Notice that such a feature is ubiquitous in modern razors. Some examples of this are the references to Apprille and Stiles.

Additional references can be supplied if needed. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have further modified Kawara by angling the head region (30) relative to the handle region (10), as suggested by Apprille and Stiles and dozens of

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other references, in order to create a concavity on the skin-facing side of the razor, such that protruding body parts do not interfere with the motion of the handle.

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3. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

On page 6 of Applicant's response, Applicant argues that Kawara's motor and flywheel are located in the handle region and not in the head region. However, Applicant has not adequately defined these regions enough to make that argument. Looking at Kawara's figure 4, it is very reasonable to say that the "handle region" extends from the bottom of the figure up to numeral 72, and that the "head region" extends from numeral 70 up to the top of the figure. Note that Kawara's element 30 is the "head", so it is clearly acceptable to call this area the "head region". There is nothing in Applicant's claims that precludes this very reasonable interpretation. Accordingly, Examiner IS NOT "moving" the motor and flywheel from one region to the other, since it they were already in the head region to begin with.

Applicant further argues that the Examiner's justifications for the modifications are misguided. However, Applicant never explicitly critiques why Examiner's justifications are undesirable. Applicant is reminded, as per the KSR decision, the suggestion need not be implicit. For example, in this case, one of ordinary skill in the would recognize that Althaus's structure was an equivalent way of doing the same thing, and this knowledge would suggest to one of ordinary skill the ability to swap parts between Kawara and Althaus.

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Applicant argues that to utilize Althaus's sleeve in Kawara's head, after angling, one would need to "enlarge the head and neck of the Kawara device to a size capable of enabling the sleeve to make the turn...". This argument is following a line of logic that no manufacturer would take. The motor and flywheel (with or without sleeve) can easily be assemble in the head region prior to the head region being attached to the handle region (angled or not).

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kenneth Peterson whose telephone number is (571)272-4512. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 7:30AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Boyer Ashley can be reached on (571)272-4502. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Kenneth Peterson/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3724